

- 24. The process according to claim 23, further comprising an alcoholic solvent.
- 25. The process according to claim 24, wherein the alcoholic solvent is methanol or ethanol.
- 26. The process according to claim 23, which is performed at a temperature between about 10°C and about 30°C.
- 27. The process according to claim 23, wherein between about 25 mol and about 100 mol of titanium (IV) isopropoxide are used per mol of polyalkyleneimine.
- 28. The process according to claim 23, wherein a molar amount of sodium borohydride is used equal to between 50% and 80% of the molar amount of titanium (IV) isopropoxide.
- 29. The process according to claim 23, wherein between about 6 mol and about 100 mol of functionalized hemiacetal are used per mol of polyalkyleneimine.
- 30. The process according to claim 23, wherein the polyalkyleneimine has the general formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline & N & \hline & (CH_2)_n \\ \hline & R \end{array}$$
 (I)

wherein R is hydrogen or a group of the general formula:

$$- \left[(CH_2)_n - N \right]_q \quad (II)$$

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wherein p and q are integers; and

wherein the sum of p + q is such that an average polymer molecular weight is between about 100 Da and about 10^7 Da.

- 31. The process according to claim 30, wherein the polyalkyleneimine is polyethyleneimine or polypropyleneimine.
- 32. The process according to claim 31, wherein the polyethyleneimine has an average molecular weight of about 50,000 Da, about 25,000 Da, or about 22,000 Da.
- 33. The process according to claim 31, wherein the polypropyleneimine has an average molecular weight of about 800,000 Da.

34. The process according to claim 23, wherein the functionalized hemiacetyl

has the general formula:

$$R_1$$
 OH R_2 R_4 R_3

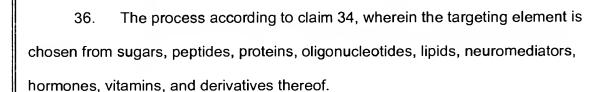
wherein n is 0 or 1

R₁, R₂, R₃, and R₄ are independently hydrogen, a group compatible with the reaction carried out, or a targeting element; and

only one of R₁, R₂, R₃, and R₄ is a targeting element.

35. The process according to claim 34, wherein the group which is compatible with the reaction is chosen from hydroxyls, C1-C4 alkyls, and C1-C4 hydroxyalkyls.

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- 37. The process according to claim 34, wherein the targeting element is chosen from growth factor receptor ligands, cellular lectin receptor ligands, cytokine receptor ligands, ligands of RGD sequences with an affinity for the receptors of adhesion proteins, transferrin receptors, high density lipoproteins, low density lipoproteins, the folate transporter, Sialyl Lewis X, antibody fragments, single-chain antibodies (ScFv), monoglycerides, diglycerides, and triglycerides.
- 38. The process according to claim 37, wherein between about 1% and about 20% of the functionalized herniacetyl is grafted onto the polyalkyleneimine.
- 39. A composition comprising at least one polyalkyleneimine prepared according to the process of claim 23 and at least one nucleic acid.
- 40. The composition according to claim 39, wherein the nucleic acid is a deoxyribonucleic acid or a ribonucleic acid.
- 41. The composition according to claim 40, wherein the nucleic acid comprises a gene of therapeutic interest under the control of regulatory sequences.
- 42. A method for transferring nucleic acids into cells comprising preparing the composition according to claim 39 and contacting said cells with the composition under conditions which allow DNA transfer.--

REMARKS

Applicants have canceled claims 1-22 and added new claims 23-42 to conform to standard U.S. practice. Support for claims 23-42 can be found in the canceled claims and in the specification.

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